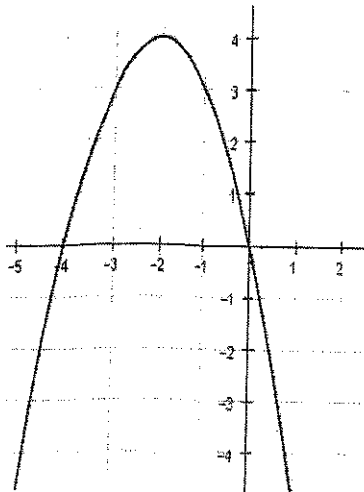
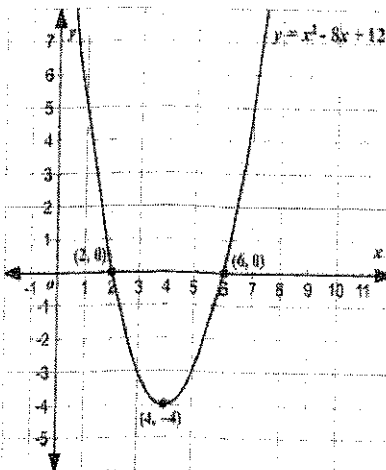


Vertex: (1, -4) Axis of Symmetry: X = 1
 Extrema: min Max/Min Value: y = -4
 Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \geq -4$
 a > 0 Y-Intercept: (0, -3)
 X-Intercepts: (-1, 0)(3, 0) Zeros: x = -1, 3
 End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow +\infty$
 As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow +\infty$



Vertex: (-2, 4) Axis of Symmetry: X = -2
 Extrema: max Max/Min Value: y = 4
 Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \leq 4$
 a < 0 Y-Intercept: (0, 0)
 X-Intercepts: (-4, 0)(0, 0) Zeros: x = -4, 0
 End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$
 As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$

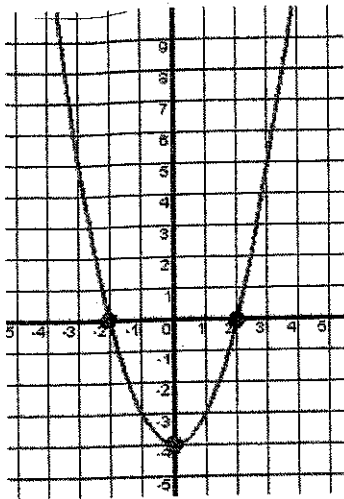


Vertex: (4, -4) Axis of Symmetry: X = 4
 Extrema: min Max/Min Value: y = -4
 Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \geq -4$
 a > 0 Y-Intercept: (0, 12)
 X-Intercepts: (2, 0)(6, 0) Zeros: X = 2, 6
 End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow \infty$
 As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow \infty$

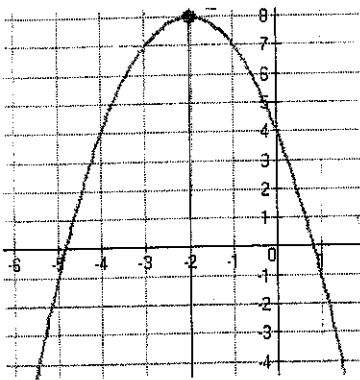
$$y = (0)^2 - 8(0) + 12$$

$$= 0 - 0 + 12$$

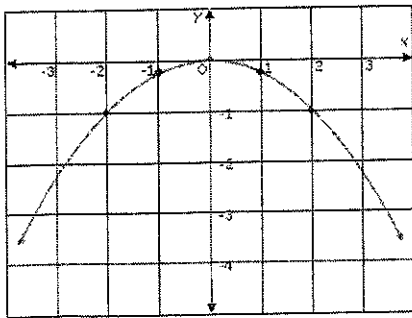
$$= 12$$



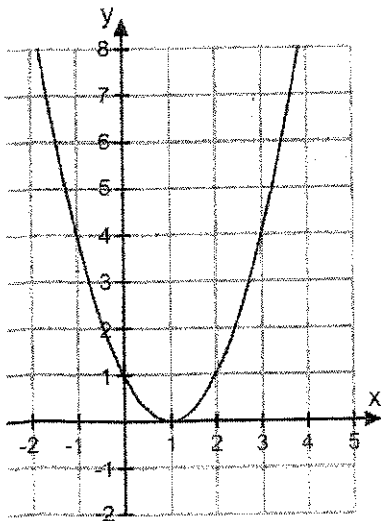
Vertex: $(0, -4)$ Axis of Symmetry: $x = 0$
 Extrema: min Max/Min Value: $y = -4$
 Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \geq -4$
 $a > 0$ Y-Intercept: $(0, -4)$
 X-Intercepts: $(-2, 0)(2, 0)$ Zeros: $x = -2, 2$
 End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow +\infty$
 As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow +\infty$



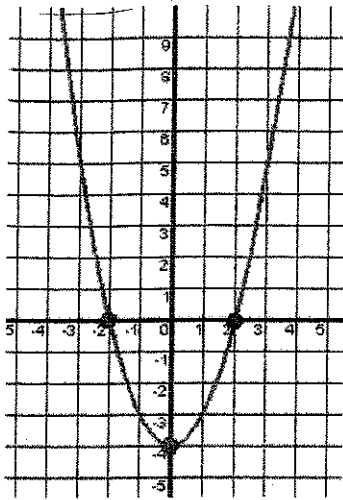
Vertex: $(-2, 8)$ Axis of Symmetry: $x = -2$
 Extrema: max Max/Min Value: $y = 8$
 Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \leq 8$
 $a < 0$ Y-Intercept: $(0, 4)$
 X-Intercepts: $(-4.8, 0)(0.8, 0)$ Zeros: $x = 0.8, -4.8$
 End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$
 As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$



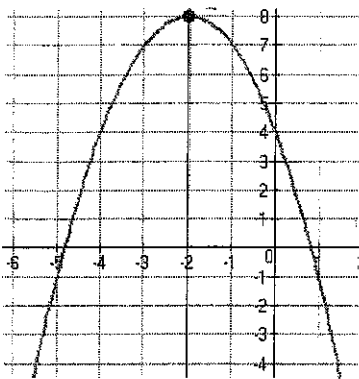
Vertex: $(0, 0)$ Axis of Symmetry: $x = 0$
 Extrema: max Max/Min Value: $y = 0$
 Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \leq 0$
 $a < 0$ Y-Intercept: $(0, 0)$
 X-Intercepts: $(-1, 0)(1, 0)$ Zeros: $x = -1, 1$
 End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$
 As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$



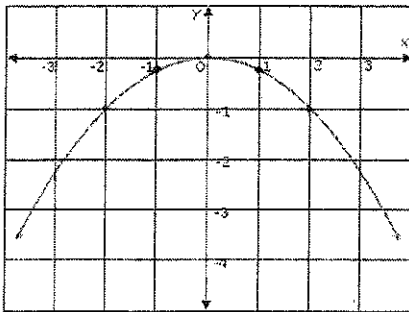
Vertex: $(1, 0)$ Axis of Symmetry: $x = 1$
 Extrema: min Max/Min Value: $y = 0$
 Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \geq 0$
 $a > 0$ Y-Intercept: $(0, 1)$
 X-Intercepts: $(0, 0)(2, 0)$ Zeros: $x = 0, 2$
 End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow \infty$
 As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow \infty$



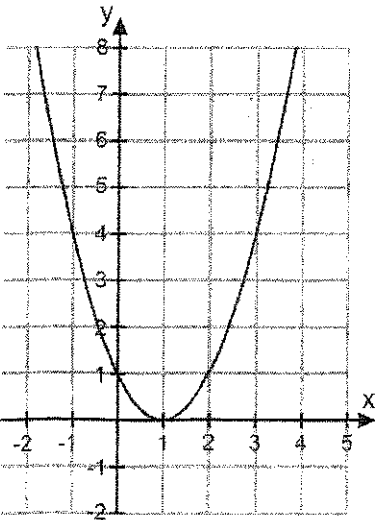
Vertex: $(0, -4)$ Axis of Symmetry: $x = 0$
 Extrema: min Max/Min Value: $y = -4$
 Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \geq -4$
 $a > 0$ Y-Intercept: $(0, -4)$
 X-Intercepts: $(-2, 0), (2, 0)$ Zeros: $x = -2, 2$
 End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow +\infty$
 As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow +\infty$



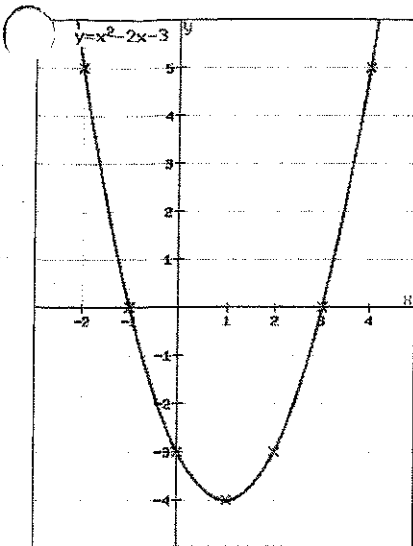
Vertex: $(-2, 8)$ Axis of Symmetry: $x = -2$
 Extrema: max Max/Min Value: $y = 8$
 Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \leq 8$
 $a < 0$ Y-Intercept: $(0, 4)$
 X-Intercepts: $(-4.8, 0), (1.8, 0)$ Zeros: $x = -4.8, 1.8$
 End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$
 As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$



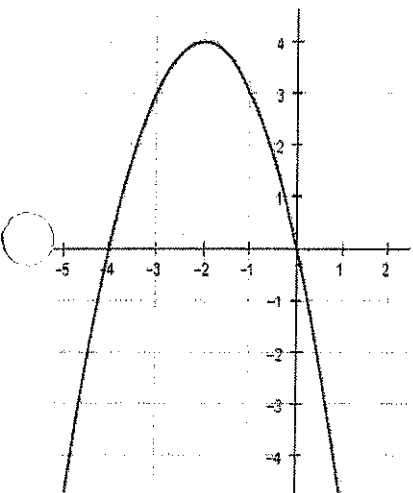
Vertex: $(0, 0)$ Axis of Symmetry: $x = 0$
 Extrema: max Max/Min Value: $y = 0$
 Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \leq 0$
 $a < 0$ Y-Intercept: $(0, 0)$
 X-Intercepts: $(0, 0)$ Zeros: $x = 0$
 End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$
 As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$



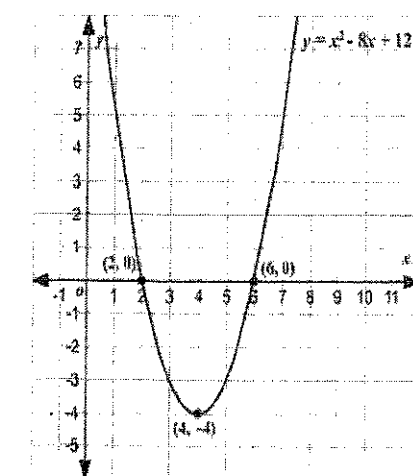
Vertex: $(1, 0)$ Axis of Symmetry: $x = 1$
 Extrema: min Max/Min Value: $y = 0$
 Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \geq 0$
 $a > 0$ Y-Intercept: $(0, 1)$
 X-Intercepts: $(1, 0)$ Zeros: $x = 1$
 End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow \infty$
 As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow \infty$



Vertex: (1, -4) **Axis of Symmetry:** x = 1
Extrema: min **Max/Min Value:** y = -4
Domain: \mathbb{R} **Range:** y ≥ -4
a > 0 **Y-Intercept:** (0, -3)
X-Intercepts: (-1, 0)(3, 0) **Zeros:** x = -1, 3
End Behavior: As x → -∞, y → +∞
 As x → ∞, y → +∞



Vertex: (-2, 4) **Axis of Symmetry:** x = -2
Extrema: max **Max/Min Value:** y = 4
Domain: \mathbb{R} **Range:** y ≤ 4
a < 0 **Y-Intercept:** (0, 0)
X-Intercepts: (-4, 0)(0, 0) **Zeros:** x = -4, 0
End Behavior: As x → -∞, y → -∞
 As x → ∞, y → -∞

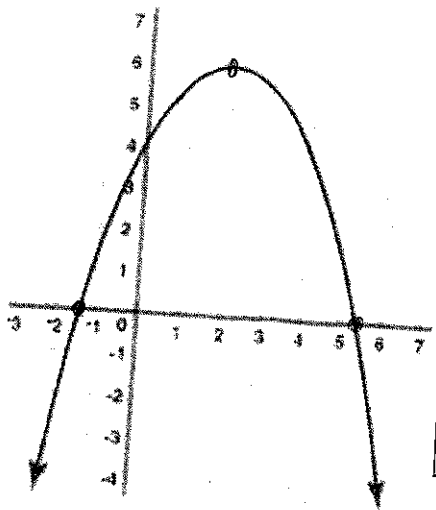


Vertex: (4, -4) **Axis of Symmetry:** x = 4
Extrema: min **Max/Min Value:** y = -4
Domain: \mathbb{R} **Range:** y ≥ -4
a > 0 **Y-Intercept:** (0, 12)
X-Intercepts: (2, 0)(6, 0) **Zeros:** x = 2, 6
End Behavior: As x → -∞, y → ∞
 As x → ∞, y → ∞

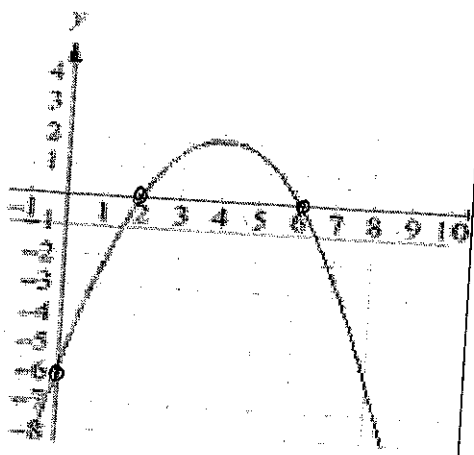
$$y = (0)^2 - 8(0) + 12$$

$$= 0 - 0 + 12$$

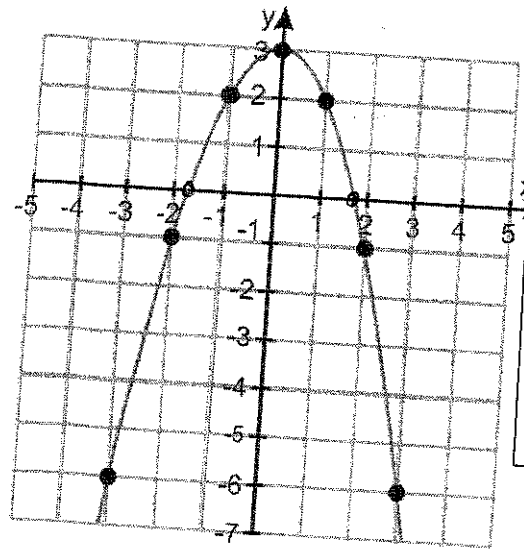
$$= 12$$



Vertex: (2, 6) Axis of Symmetry: $x = 2$
 Extrema: max Max/Min Value: $y = 6$
 Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \leq 6$
 $a < 0$ Y-Intercept: (0, 6)
 X-Intercepts: (-1.4, 0) Zeros: $x = -1.4, 5.4$
 End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$
 As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$



Vertex: (4, 2) Axis of Symmetry: $x = 4$
 Extrema: max Max/Min Value: $y = 2$
 Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \leq 2$
 $a < 0$ Y-Intercept: (0, -6)
 X-Intercepts: (2, 0) (6, 0) Zeros: $x = 2, 6$
 End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$
 As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$



Vertex: (0, 3) Axis of Symmetry: $x = 0$
 Extrema: max Max/Min Value: $y = 3$
 Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \leq 3$
 $a < 0$ Y-Intercept: (0, 3)
 X-Intercepts: (1.8, 0) Zeros: $x = \pm 1.8$
 End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$
 As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$

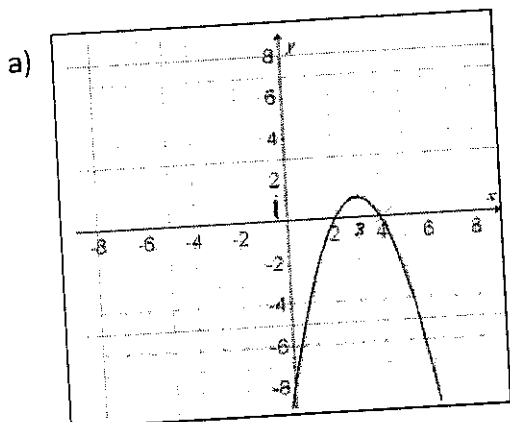
HW Characteristics of Quadratics

Name: _____

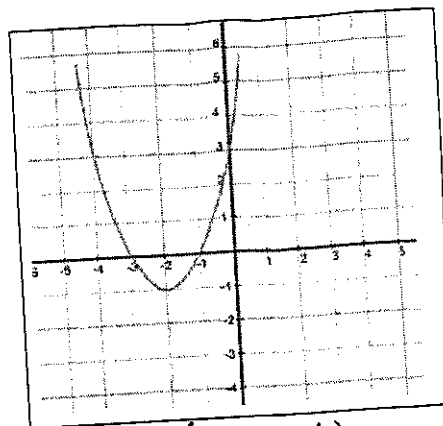
1. Are the following quadratic equations in standard, factored, or vertex form?

- a) $y = 19x^2 + 4x + 1$ Standard
 b) $y = 4(x-2)^2 + 1$ Vertex
 c) $y = (x-3)(x+8)$ factored
 d) $y = x^2 + 5x - 92$ standard

2. For the following parabolas, state the key features:



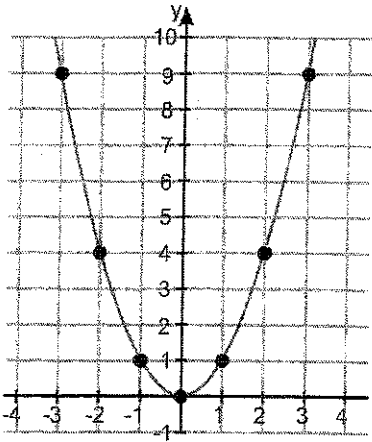
- a) Vertex $(3, 1)$
 b) Min/max value $\text{max @ } y = 1$
 c) Axis of symmetry $x = 3$
 d) Zeros $x = 2, 4$
 e) Direction of opening down
 f) y-intercept $(0, -8)$
 g) Domain \mathbb{R}
 h) Range $y \leq 1$
 i) End Behavior
 $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$
 $x \rightarrow +\infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$



- a) Vertex $(-2, -1)$
 b) Min/max value $\text{min } y = -1$
 c) Axis of symmetry $x = -2$
 d) Zeros $x = -3, -1$
 e) Direction of opening up
 f) y-intercept $(0, 3)$
 g) Domain \mathbb{R}
 h) Range $y \geq -1$
 i) End Behavior
 $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow \infty$
 $x \rightarrow +\infty, y \rightarrow \infty$

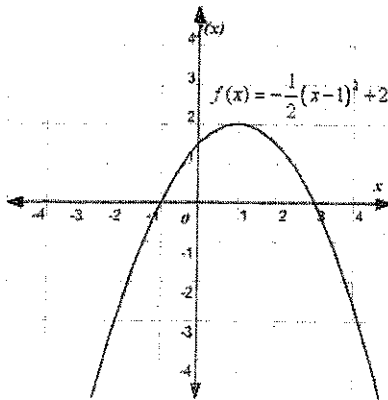
3. Label each equation as either: linear, quadratic or neither.

- a) $y = 6x - 1$ Linear
 b) $y = 3x^2 + 10x$ Quad
 c) $y = 9x^2 - 4x + 100$ Quad
 d) $19x - 4y + 1 = 0$ Linear
 e) $y = 11x^3 + 8$ neither
 f) $y = 4x^5 + 6x$ neither



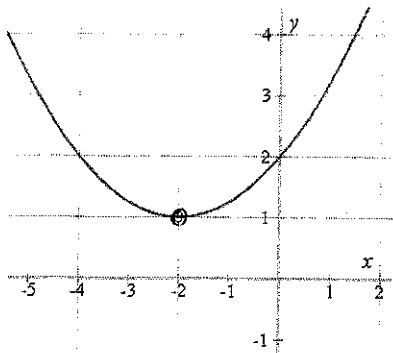
$-\infty$ dec 0 inc ∞

Vertex: <u>(0,0)</u>	Axis of Symmetry: <u>$x=0$</u>
Extrema: <u>min</u>	Max/Min Value: <u>$y=0$</u>
Domain: <u>\mathbb{R}</u>	Range: <u>$y \geq 0$</u>
$a > 0$	Y-Intercept: <u>(0,0)</u>
X-Intercepts: <u>(0,0)</u>	Zeros: <u>$x=0$</u>
Int. of Increase: <u>$0 < x < \infty$</u>	
Int. of Decrease: <u>$-\infty < x < 0$</u>	
End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow +\infty$	
As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow +\infty$	



$-\infty$ inc 1 dec ∞

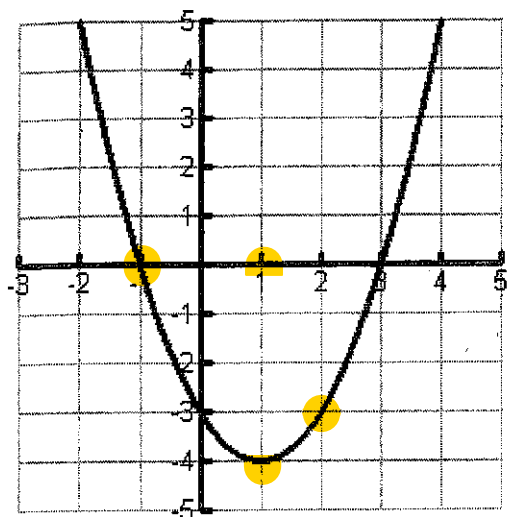
Vertex: <u>(1,2)</u>	Axis of Symmetry: <u>$x=1$</u>
Extrema: <u>max</u>	Max/Min Value: <u>$y=2$</u>
Domain: <u>\mathbb{R}</u>	Range: <u>$y \leq 2$</u>
$a < 0$	Y-Intercept: <u>(0,1.5)</u>
X-Intercepts: <u>(-1,0) (3,0)</u>	Zeros: <u>$x = -1, 3$</u>
Int. of Increase: <u>$-\infty < x < 1$</u>	$f(0) = -\frac{1}{2}(0-1)^2 + 2$
Int. of Decrease: <u>$1 < x < \infty$</u>	$= -\frac{1}{2}(-1)^2 + 2$
End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$	$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 + 2 = 1.5$
As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow -\infty$	



$-\infty$ dec -2 inc ∞

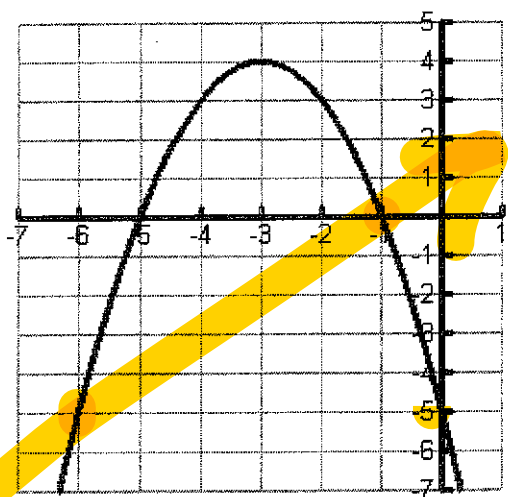
Vertex: <u>(-2,1)</u>	Axis of Symmetry: <u>$x=-2$</u>
Extrema: <u>min</u>	Max/Min Value: <u>$y=1$</u>
Domain: <u>\mathbb{R}</u>	Range: <u>$y \geq 1$</u>
$a > 1$	Y-Intercept: <u>(0,3)</u>
X-Intercepts: <u>none</u>	Zeros: <u>none</u>
Int. of Increase: <u>$-2 < x < \infty$</u>	
Int. of Decrease: <u>$-\infty < x < -2$</u>	
End Behavior: As $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow +\infty$	
As $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow +\infty$	

1.)



- a.) Vertex: $(1, -4)$
- b.) Axis of Symmetry: $x = 1$
- c.) y-intercept: $(0, -3)$ zeros: $x = -1, 3$
- d.) Domain: \mathbb{R} e.) Range: $y \geq -4$
- f.) a is: negative / positive
- g.) Extrema: min Value: $y = -4$
- h.) Intervals of increase and decrease:
 inc $1 < x < \infty$
 dec $-\infty < x < 1$
- i.) Average rate of change on: $-1 < x < 2$ $(-1, 0)$ $(2, -3)$ $\frac{-3-0}{2-(-1)} = \frac{-3}{3} = -1$

2.)



- a.) Vertex: $(-3, 4)$
- b.) Axis of Symmetry: $x = -3$
- c.) y-intercept: $(0, -5)$ zeros: $x = -1, -5$
- d.) Domain: \mathbb{R} e.) Range: $y \leq 4$
- f.) a is: negative / positive
- g.) Extrema: max Value: $y = 4$
- h.) Intervals of increase and decrease:
 inc $-\infty < x < -3$
 dec $-3 < x < \infty$
- i.) Average rate of change on: $-6 < x < -1$ $(-6, -5)$ $(-1, 0)$ $\frac{0-(-5)}{-1-(-6)} = \frac{5}{5} = 1$

Calculate the average rate of change of the following functions on the interval: $-2 < x < 1$

3. $y = 2(x-1)^2 + 2$

4. $y = \frac{1}{3}(x+5)^2 + 1$

5. $y = (x+2)^2 - 4$

Characteristics of Functions

1. $f(x) = 2x^2 + 4x + 1$

Vertex: $(-1, -1)$ Axis of Symmetry: $X = -1$

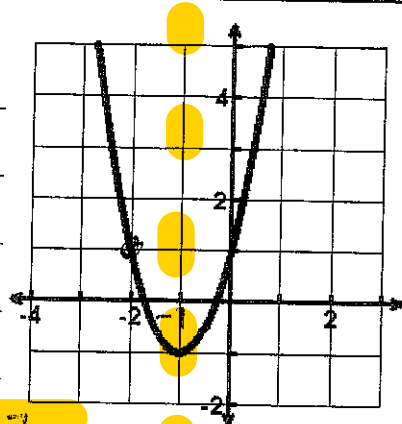
Interval of Increase: $-1 < x < \infty$

Interval of Decrease: $-\infty < x < -1$

Extrema: min Max/Min Value: $y = -1$

Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \geq -1$

Y-Intercept: $(0, 1)$ Zeros: $x = -0.5, -1.5$



Rate of change on the interval $-2 \leq x \leq -1$: $\frac{-1 - (-2)}{-1 - (-2)} = \frac{-1 + 2}{-1 + 2} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$ (2) $\leftarrow \infty \text{ dec } -1 \text{ inc } \infty$

2. $f(x) = (x - 2)^2 + 1$

Vertex: $(2, 1)$ Axis of Symmetry: $x = 2$

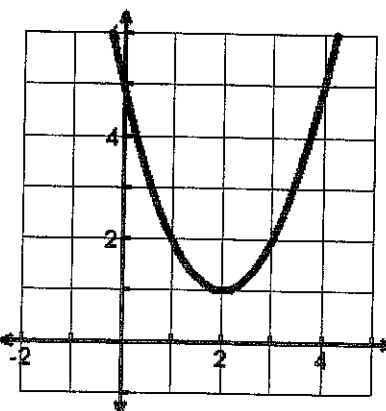
Interval of Increase: $2 < x < \infty$

Interval of Decrease: $-\infty < x < 2$

Extrema: min Max/Min Value: $y = 1$

Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \geq 1$

Y-Intercept: $(0, 5)$ Zeros: none



Rate of change on the interval $0 \leq x \leq 2$: $\frac{1 - 5}{2 - 0} = \frac{-4}{2} = -2$ (2) $\leftarrow -\infty \text{ dec } 2 \text{ inc } \infty$

3. $f(x) = -(x - 2)(x - 4)$

Vertex: $(3, 1)$ Axis of Symmetry: $x = 3$

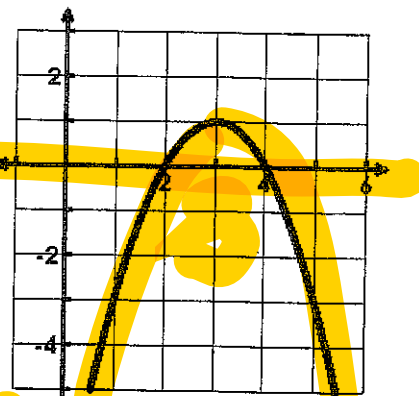
Interval of Increase: $-\infty < x < 3$

Interval of Decrease: $3 < x < \infty$

Extrema: max Max/Min Value: $y = 1$

Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y \leq 1$

Y-Intercept: $(0, -8)$ Zeros: $x = 2, 4$



plug in $x = 0$ for x : $-(0 - 2)(0 - 4) = -(-2)(-4) = -8$
 Rate of change on the interval $1 \leq x \leq 3$: $\frac{1 - (-3)}{3 - 1} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$ (2) $\leftarrow -\infty \text{ inc } 3 \text{ dec } \infty$

GSE Algebra I
 Characteristics of Quadratics Practice

4. This graph represents a quadratic function.

Vertex: _____ Axis of Symmetry: _____

Interval of Increase: _____

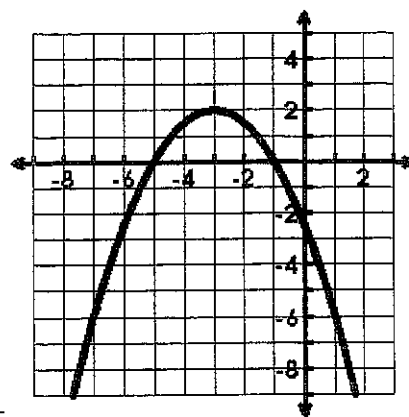
Interval of Decrease: _____

Extrema: _____ Max/Min Value: _____

Domain: _____ Range: _____

Y-Intercept: _____ Zeroes: _____

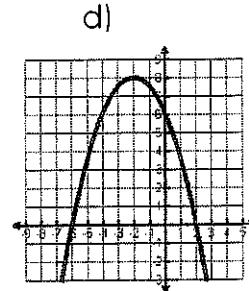
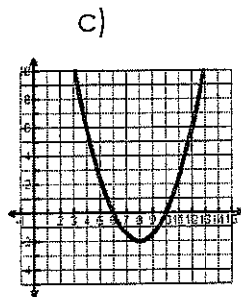
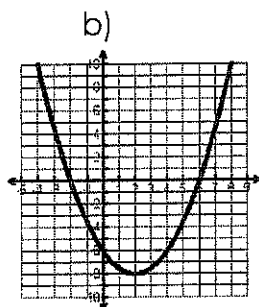
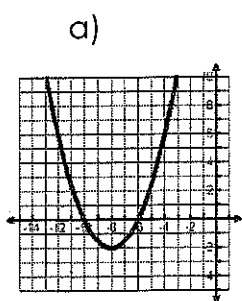
Rate of change on the interval $-3 \leq x \leq 1$: _____



5. The quadratic function $f(x)$ has these characteristics:

- The vertex is located at $(8, -2)$.
- The range is $y \geq -2$.

Which graph could be $f(x)$?



For each of the following functions, write the function in all spaces for the transformations it has.

<p>Reflections over x-axis</p> <p>$f(x)$ $h(x)$</p> <p>$k(x)$ $p(x)$</p>	<p>Stretches and Shrinks</p> <p>$f(x)$ $h(x)$</p> <p>$j(x)$ $m(x)$</p> <p>$n(x)$ $p(x)$</p>
<p>$f(x)$ $g(x)$</p> <p>$h(x)$ $k(x)$</p> <p>$m(x)$ $n(x)$</p> <p>Shifts</p> <p>Left and Right</p>	<p>$f(x)$ $g(x)$</p> <p>$j(x)$ $m(x)$</p> <p>$p(x)$</p> <p>Shifts</p> <p>Up and Down</p>

Quadratic Functions

$f(x) = -2(x - 3)^2 + 5$

$g(x) = (x + 5)^2 - 7$

$h(x) = 1/2(x + 6)^2$

$j(x) = 3x^2 - 8$

$k(x) = (x - 9)^2$

$m(x) = 2/5(x + 8)^2 - 1$

$n(x) = 5/2(x - 2)^2$

$p(x) = -5.5(x + 3)^2 + 6$

Write the equation for a quadratic function with the following characteristics. REMEMBER, IT NEEDS AN X^2 OR AN $(X \pm h)^2$ TO BE A QUADRATIC.

1. Reflects over x-axis
Shifts left 3
2. Stretches by 6
Shifts up 2
Shifts right 12
3. Reflects over the x-axis
Compresses by 3/5
Shifts down 8
4. Reflects over the x-axis
Stretches by 5
Shifts left 8 and down 2

$Y = -(x + 3)^2$

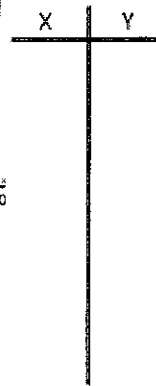
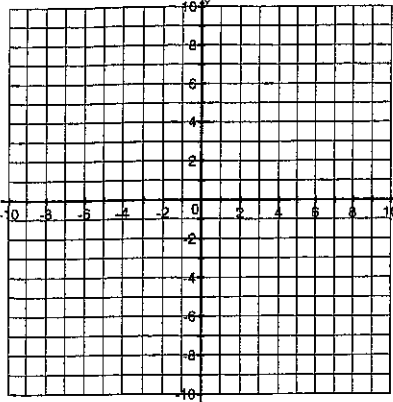
$Y = 6(x - 12)^2 + 2$

$Y = -\frac{3}{5}x^2 - 8$

$Y = -5(x + 8)^2 - 2$

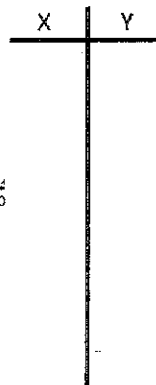
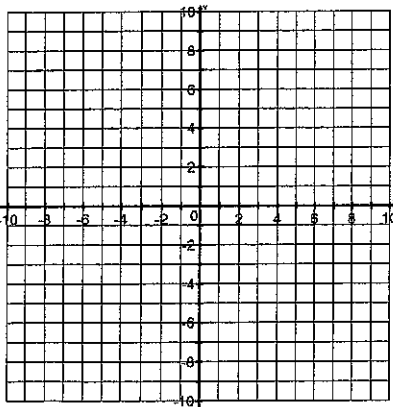
Graphing Quadratics from Vertex Form Practice

$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{4}(x-1)^2 + 4$$



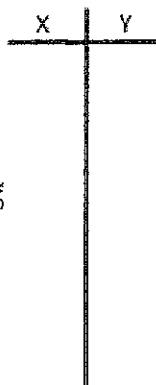
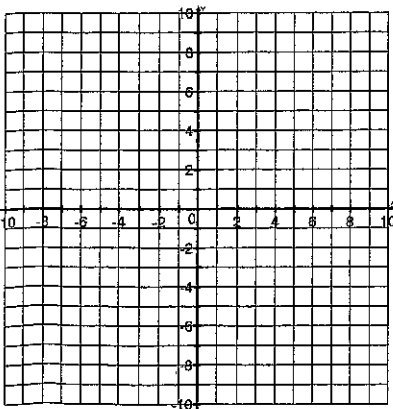
Vertex: _____	Axis of Symmetry: _____
Interval of Increase: _____	
Interval of Decrease: _____	
Extrema: _____	Max/Min Value: _____
Domain: _____	Range: _____
Y-Intercept: _____	Zeroes: _____

$$f(x) = (x+2)^2 - 1$$



Vertex: _____	Axis of Symmetry: _____
Interval of Increase: _____	
Interval of Decrease: _____	
Extrema: _____	Max/Min Value: _____
Domain: _____	Range: _____
Y-Intercept: _____	Zeroes: _____

$$f(x) = -2(x+5)^2 - 3$$



Vertex: _____	Axis of Symmetry: _____
Interval of Increase: _____	
Interval of Decrease: _____	
Extrema: _____	Max/Min Value: _____
Domain: _____	Range: _____
Y-Intercept: _____	Zeroes: _____